

# **FoxPro Database Professional Competitive Position® Salary Survey**

Survey Dates: January 4 through December 27, 1998

Title	Page
Table of Contents	1
Copyright, Address and Disclaimers	2
Welcome Letter	3
Graph Reference: Expected Salary Offer per Year of Experience	4
Graph Reference: Extreme Salary Offers	5
Graph Reference: Geographic Salary Adjustment	6
<b>Salary Characteristics of the Job Market</b>	
April 1999 Geographic Salary Adjustments for IT Professionals	7
Table of April 1999 Geographic Salary Adjustment for IT Professionals	8
Characteristics of the Sample Data	9
Sample Salary and Experience Averages and Variance	10
Equation of the Expected Salary Offer	11
Graph: Expected Salary Offer per Year of Required Experience	12
Visual FoxPro Database Professional Expected Salary Offer Per Year Graph	13
Extreme Salary Offers: 1 Year of Required Experience	14
Extreme Salary Offers: 2 Years of Required Experience	15
Extreme Salary Offers: 3 Years of Required Experience	16
Extreme Salary Offers: 4 Years of Required Experience	17
Extreme Salary Offers: 5 Years of Required Experience	18
Statistical Test Results	19

Copyright © 1996-1999 by Whole Root® Economic Research, Inc.  
All rights reserved.

Whole Root® Economic Research, Inc.  
P.O. Box 603  
South Glastonbury, CT 06073

**<http://www.wholeroot.com/>**

Toll Free Phone/Fax: 1-888-413-1792  
E-mail: [survey@wholeroot.com](mailto:survey@wholeroot.com)

Robert Gerald Vivona  
Chief Economist and Statistician  
**[bob@wholeroot.com](mailto:bob@wholeroot.com) , 1-888-413-1792**

This License allows a **single user** to store, backup and print this  
Competitive Position® Salary Survey.

You must reproduce the Whole Root® Economic Research, Inc copyright notice on all prints.

You may not modify, network, sell, subscribe, loan, electronically transfer or distribute this  
Competitive Position® Salary Survey in whole or in part.

Whole Root® Economic Research, Inc. has carried out the Competitive Position® Salary  
Survey according to accepted statistical standards. The statistics present information about the  
data source. Possible biases and other errors may exist within the data source that Whole  
Root® Economic Research, Inc. is not responsible for. Individual job placements can not be  
identified. Job placement and/or salary improvement is not guaranteed nor offered.

The New York Times, the Washington Post and the internet newsgroup comp.jobs.offered  
are not associated with, do not endorse, and are not responsible for Competitive Position®  
Salary Surveys or Whole Root® Economic Research, Inc. in anyway.

Computer hardware and/or software firms are not associated with, do not endorse, and are  
not responsible for Competitive Position® Salary Surveys or Whole Root® Economic  
Research, Inc. in anyway.

## Welcome

I established Whole Root® Economic Research, Inc. in 1996 to provide extensive market analysis to individual decision makers. My Competitive Position® Salary Surveys enable individuals to assess salary opportunities and set employment goals. It is the first affordable salary survey designed specifically to assist all participants in the job marketplace. Whether you are a computer professional, information technology manager or human resource professional, I hope you find this material useful.

Thank you,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "R. G. Vivona". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first letters of each name being capitalized and prominent.

Robert Gerald Vivona

Phone/Fax: 1-888-413-1792  
bob@wholeroot.com

A Special Thanks to:

Nicholas Vivona  
Computer Industry Expert

## **Graph Reference: Expected Salary Offer per Year of Experience**

### **The Middle Black Line**

This line depicts the expected salary offer for each year of required experience calculated from the sample of want ads.

The expected salary for each year of required experience is shown in a box on the line.

The expected salary is the most likely, and the average, salary offered.

### **The 95% Probability Lines Infer the Expected Salary Offer for the Entire Job Market**

The sample of classified want ads enables inferences to be made concerning the entire job market for this position.

The gray lines above and below the middle black line present the Highest and Lowest salary offers that can be expected in the entire job market.

There is a 95% certainty that the average salary offer, within the entire job market for this position, lies between the High and the Low numbers that point to the gray lines at each year of required experience.

### **Please Note:**

All three curves cross at the central tendency point.

The further the number of years of required experience is from the central tendency point, the larger the 95% probability region of the expected salary offer.

# Graph Reference: Extreme Salary Offers

## There are 3 statistics presented in this graph

Each statistic presents an assessment of the likelihood or frequency of a salary offer occurring:

= **Expected Salary Offer**

The expected salary offer is the most likely salary offer as calculated from the sample of want ads

**68% of Want Ads list a Salary between these two Extremes (+/- 1 standard deviation)**

The 68% probability extreme indicates the boundaries where salary offers become infrequent for the entire job market

**95% of Want Ads list a Salary between these two Extremes (+/- 1.96 standard deviations)**

The 95% probability extreme indicates the boundaries where salary offers become extremely infrequent for the entire job market

## Extreme Salaries

The 68% Probability Extremes:

Salary offers are unlikely above or below this range

Two Thirds (68%) of salary offers are in this range

Only 1/6th (16%) of salary offers are greater than the high number

Only 1/6th (16%) of salary offers are less than the low number

The 68% confidence interval is constructed by taking one standard deviation then adding it to and subtracting it from the expected salary offer

The 95% Probability Extremes

Salary offers are extremely unlikely above or below this range

95% of salary offers are in this range

Only 2.5% of salary offers are greater than the high number

Only 2.5% of salary offers are less than the low number

The 95% confidence interval is constructed by multiplying the standard deviation by 1.96 then adding it to and subtracting it from the expected salary offer

For the complete presentation of the expected salary offer please see the "Expected Salary Offer per Year of Experience" graph.

# Geographic Salary Adjustment Reference

The Canada adjustments convert New York City area salary offers in US\$ into regional equivalents in Can\$.

## The Map

The number “.xx” in each box indicates the average percentage of a salary offer listed in a want ad in the New York City Metropolitan Area that can be expected in another geographic area, “.xx” is equivalent to “xx%”. For a regional adjustment, multiply the salary offered in a Competitive Position® Salary Survey by the number “.xx”.

## The Table

The “Expected” geographic salary adjustment is the most likely adjustment based on the sample of want ads. There is a 95% certainty that the geographic salary adjustment, within the entire computer and programmer job market, lies between the “95% Low” and the “95% High” numbers.

The 95% confidence interval of the geographic salary adjustment should be used with the 95% confidence interval of the salary offer statistics from the Competitive Position® Salary Survey job titles. Multiply the “95% Low” geographic adjustment to the 95% High extreme salary offer from the “Expected Salary Offer” graph. Multiply the “95% High” geographic adjustment to the 95% Low extreme salary offer from the “Expected Salary Offer” graph. This will create the minimum 95% confidence interval for your region, qualifications and years of experience.

## Methodology

The geographic salary adjustment multipliers are calculated as the ratio of the mean salary offers from each geographic region relative to the New York City region. The mean salary offer and its 95% confidence interval ( $\pm 1.96$  times the standard deviation of the mean) were derived for each geographic area. The geographic adjustment multipliers were calculated as the ratio of the means, 95% lower bounds and 95% upper bounds of each geographic region relative to the New York City region.

For the United States, want ads posted to the internet newsgroup “comp.jobs.offered” from April 5 through May 3, 1999 were surveyed. For Canada, want ads posted to the internet newsgroup “can.jobs” from May 7 through May 13, 1999 were surveyed. Please browse the newsgroups to familiarize yourself with the data sources. To be included in the geographic salary survey, a want ad had to list a salary offer, a geographic region and a skill that was included in the 1998 Competitive Position® IT Salary Survey of want ads listed in the New York Times. The Mean U.S.A. Salary Offer is \$69.7K and lies within the 95% probability region of the Mean Salary Offer of the 1998 Competitive Position® IT Salary Survey of want ads listed in the New York Times.

Region	# of Want Ads	Region	# of Want Ads
Arizona	82	New York City	162
Atlanta	113	New York, Upstate	110
Austin / San Antonio	128	North Carolina	245
Boston	246	Ohio	109
Chicago	97	Oregon	76
Colorado	98	Philadelphia	257
Dallas	142	San Diego	78
Florida	230	San Francisco / San Jose	80
Hartford / Springfield	90	South Carolina	44
Houston	102	Tennessee	93
Indiana	118	Utah	48
Kansas City / St. Louis	89	Virginia	81
Los Angeles	365	Washington (State)	106
Michigan	72	Washington, D.C.	112
Minnesota	93	Wisconsin	125
Nebraska	77	US Total	3,871
Alberta / British Columbia	105	Toronto	425
Montreal / Ottawa / Quebec	79	Canada Total	609

Boston includes Worcester and Southern New Hampshire. Dallas includes Fort Worth. Hartford/Springfield includes New Haven. Los Angeles includes Santa Barbara. New York City includes Northern New Jersey, Southern Connecticut and Nassau, Westchester and Rockland counties in New York. Philadelphia includes Central and Southern New Jersey and Wilmington, DE. Virginia does not include Northern Virginia. Washington, D.C. includes Northern Virginia and Montgomery and Prince Georges counties in Maryland.

# April 1999 Geographic Adjustments for IT Professionals

Regional Multipliers Relative to the New York City Metropolitan Area



The number “.xx” in each box indicates the average percentage of a salary offer listed in a want ad in the New York City Metropolitan Area that can be expected in another geographic area, “.xx” is equivalent to “xx%”. To adjust for your local region, multiply the salary offered in a Competitive Position® Salary Survey job title by the number “.xx”.

# Table of April 1999 Geographic Adjustments for IT Professionals

## Regional Multipliers Relative to New York City Metropolitan Area

The “Expected” geographic salary adjustment is the most likely adjustment based on the sample of want ads. There is a 95% certainty that the geographic salary adjustment, within the entire IT job market, lies between the “95% Low” and the “95% High” numbers.

Region	95% Low	Expected	95% High	Region	95% Low	Expected	95% High
Alberta / British Columbia	75.5%	76.4%	77.2%	Nebraska	80.6%	81.5%	82.2%
Arizona	78.1%	79.7%	81.2%	New York City	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Atlanta	83.4%	84.6%	85.7%	New York, Upstate	83.4%	83.7%	84.1%
Austin / San Antonio	88.3%	88.6%	88.8%	North Carolina	79.8%	80.2%	80.6%
Boston	90.1%	90.3%	90.5%	Ohio	75.3%	76.3%	77.4%
Chicago	83.0%	83.6%	84.3%	Oregon	84.5%	84.7%	84.8%
Colorado	81.8%	82.8%	83.7%	Philadelphia	79.9%	80.0%	80.2%
Dallas	77.8%	79.3%	80.7%	San Diego	92.8%	94.1%	95.3%
Florida	73.0%	73.0%	73.1%	San Francisco / San Jose	103.4%	104.5%	105.4%
Hartford / Springfield	86.7%	87.5%	88.2%	South Carolina	68.9%	70.4%	71.8%
Houston	88.7%	89.3%	90.0%	Tennessee	78.8%	79.5%	80.1%
Indiana	73.0%	73.7%	74.4%	Toronto	75.5%	75.9%	76.3%
Kansas City / St. Louis	77.9%	78.9%	79.8%	Utah	78.4%	81.4%	84.2%
Los Angeles	87.0%	87.3%	87.7%	Virginia	77.3%	78.5%	79.7%
Minnesota	80.2%	81.3%	82.4%	Washington (State)	85.3%	85.3%	85.3%
Michigan	81.2%	82.6%	83.9%	Washington, D.C.	92.4%	92.5%	92.5%
Montreal / Ottawa / Quebec	65.1%	67.2%	69.2%	Wisconsin	81.4%	81.6%	81.9%

# FoxPro Database Professional

## Characteristics of Sample Data

Sample Source: The **New York Times** Sunday Employment section

Dates: The 52 weeks (1 Year) from January 4 through December 27, 1998

Number of Classified Want Ads: 43

Qualifications Listed in the Want Ads

Type of Qualification	To be Included Each Want Ad Must Have	Salary <b>Influenced</b> When Listed = #Ads	Salary <b>Not Influenced</b> when Listed = #Ads
Responsibility	Analyst, Coordinator, Designer, Developer, Programmer, Programmer/Analyst or Support		
Hardware / OS			
Language			
Database	FoxPro	Visual FoxPro = 19	
Network			
Software			
Industry			

### Job Description

- Develops a Relational Model of the application's requirements.
- Applies database technologies: access security, data integrity, transaction management, locking, stored procedures, triggers, query optimization and data replication
- Assists in the creation and maintenance of database definitions and tables. Designs and implements queries to optimize performance
- Tunes database application to desired performance

# Foxpro Database Professional

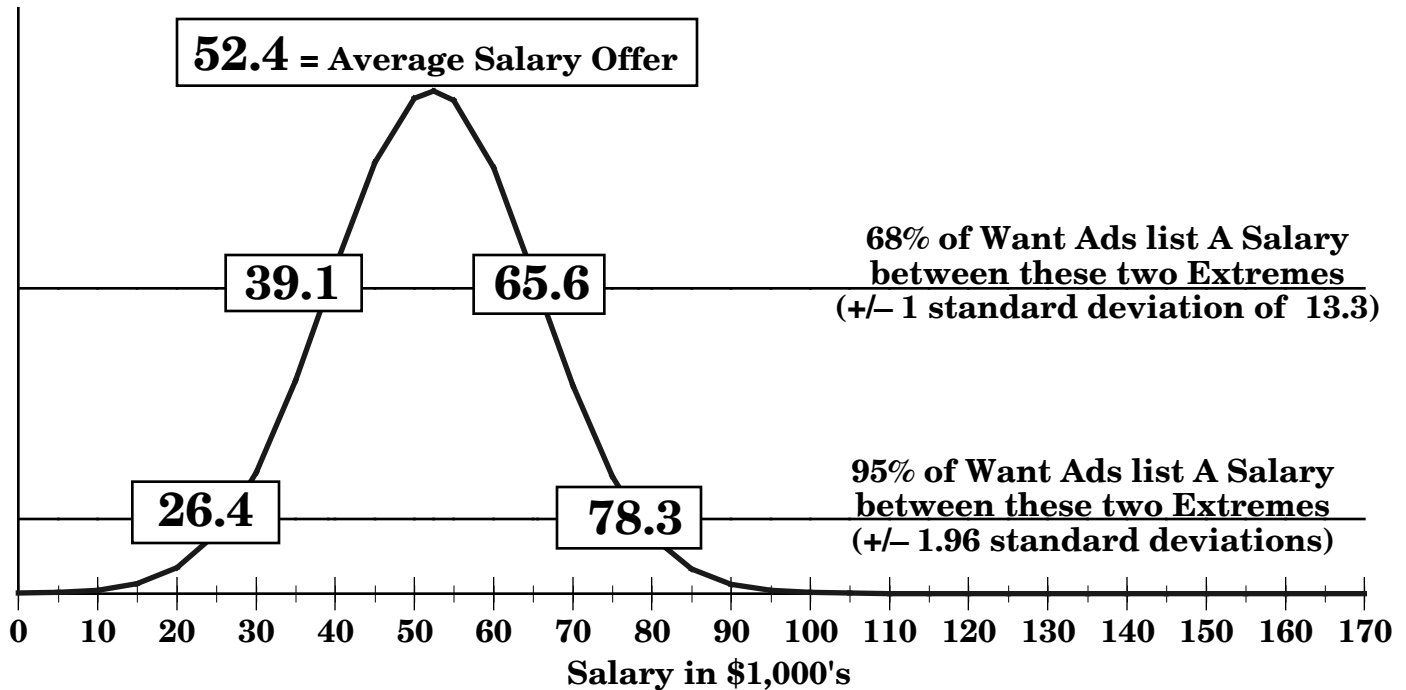
## Sample Averages and Distributions

Sample Size: 43 Want Ads

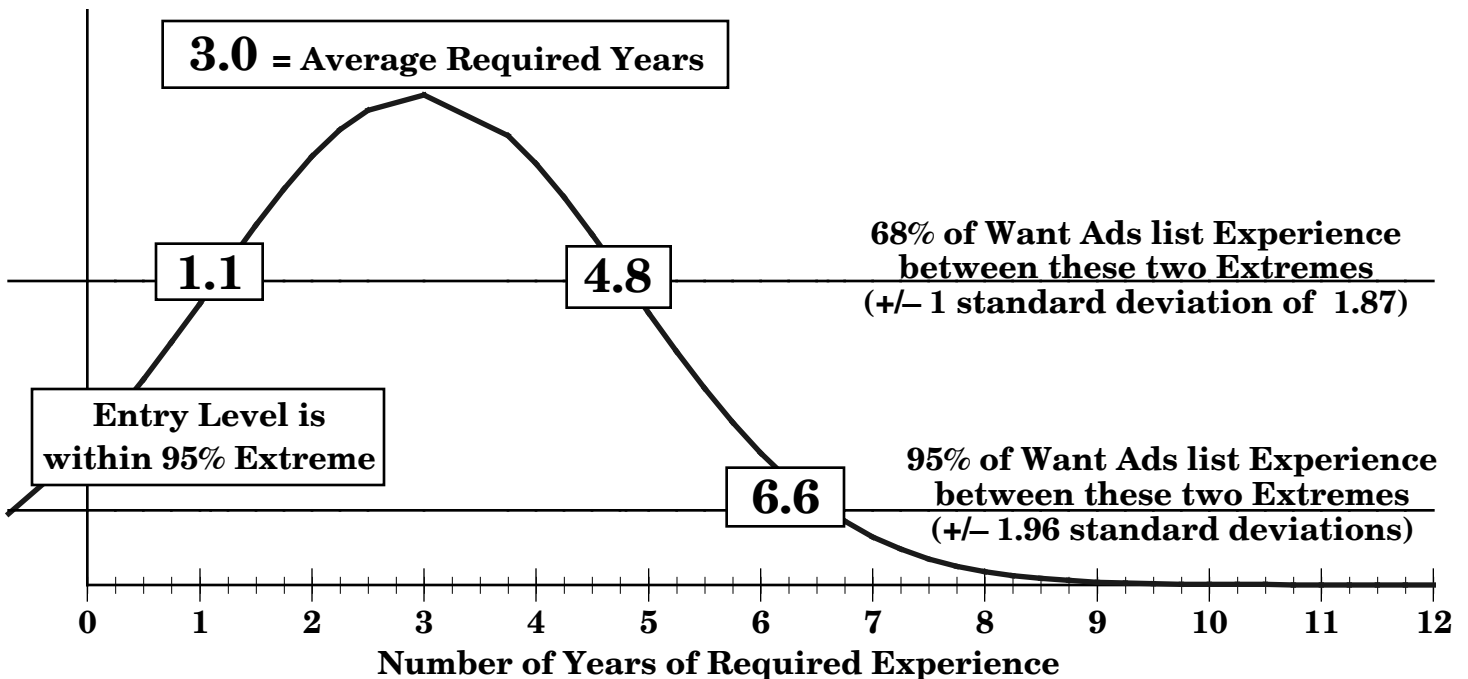
Sample Source: The New York Times Sunday Employment section

52 Weeks from January 4 through December 27, 1998

### Salary



### Required Experience



# FoxPro Database Professional

## Equation of The Expected Salary Offer

Salary offers are lowest at entry level, increase rapidly with the first years of experience and approach a ceiling as experience matures.

**Entry Level**

**Years of Experience**  
Dollars per Year Multiplied by  
Natural Logarithm  
of Number of Years  
+ 1 for Entry Level

<b>Expected Salary Offer</b>	<b>\$22.3</b>	<b>+</b>	<b>( \$19.8 * ln(Years+1) )</b>
<b>First 95% Confidence Bound of Expected Salary Offer</b>	<b>\$32.3</b>	<b>+</b>	<b>( \$12.2 * ln(Years+1) )</b>
<b>Second 95% Confidence Bound of Expected Salary Offer</b>	<b>\$12.4</b>	<b>+</b>	<b>( \$27.4 * ln(Years+1) )</b>

The Expected Salary Offer Graphs present the minimum confidence interval of the equation.

<b>Extra Qualification Salary Offer Augmentation</b>	<b>Expected Augmentation in Salary Offer</b>	<b>Highest Augmentation in Salary Offer with 95% Probability</b>	<b>Lowest Augmentation in Salary Offer with 95% Probability</b>
<b>Visual FoxPro Database Professional</b>	<b>\$9.9</b>	<b>\$15.6</b>	<b>\$4.2</b>

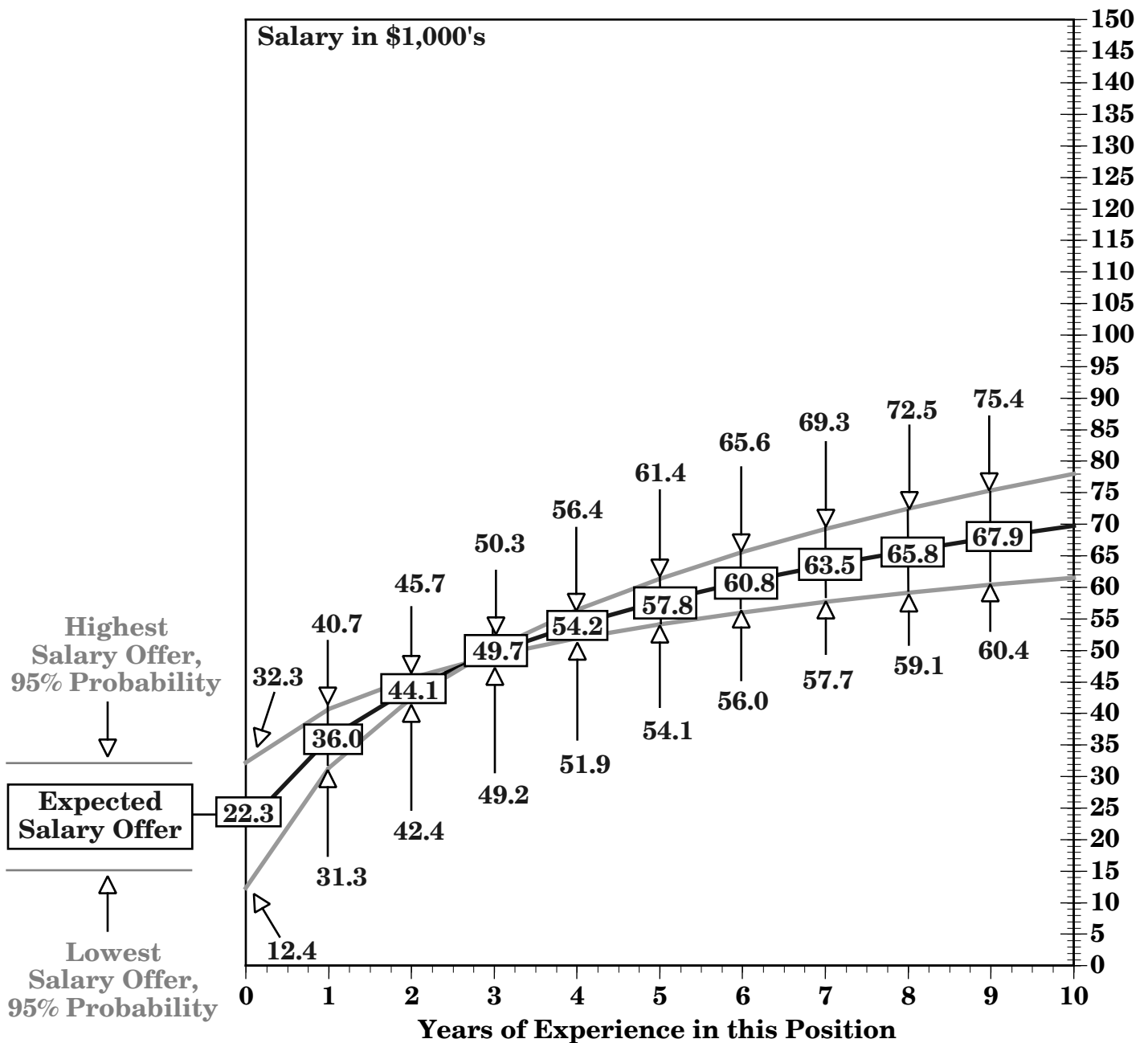
Add to the Equation of the Expected Salary Offer

The Expected Salary Offer Graphs present the minimum confidence interval of the equation.

Copyright © 1996-1999 by Whole Root® Economic Research, Inc.

# FoxPro Database Professional

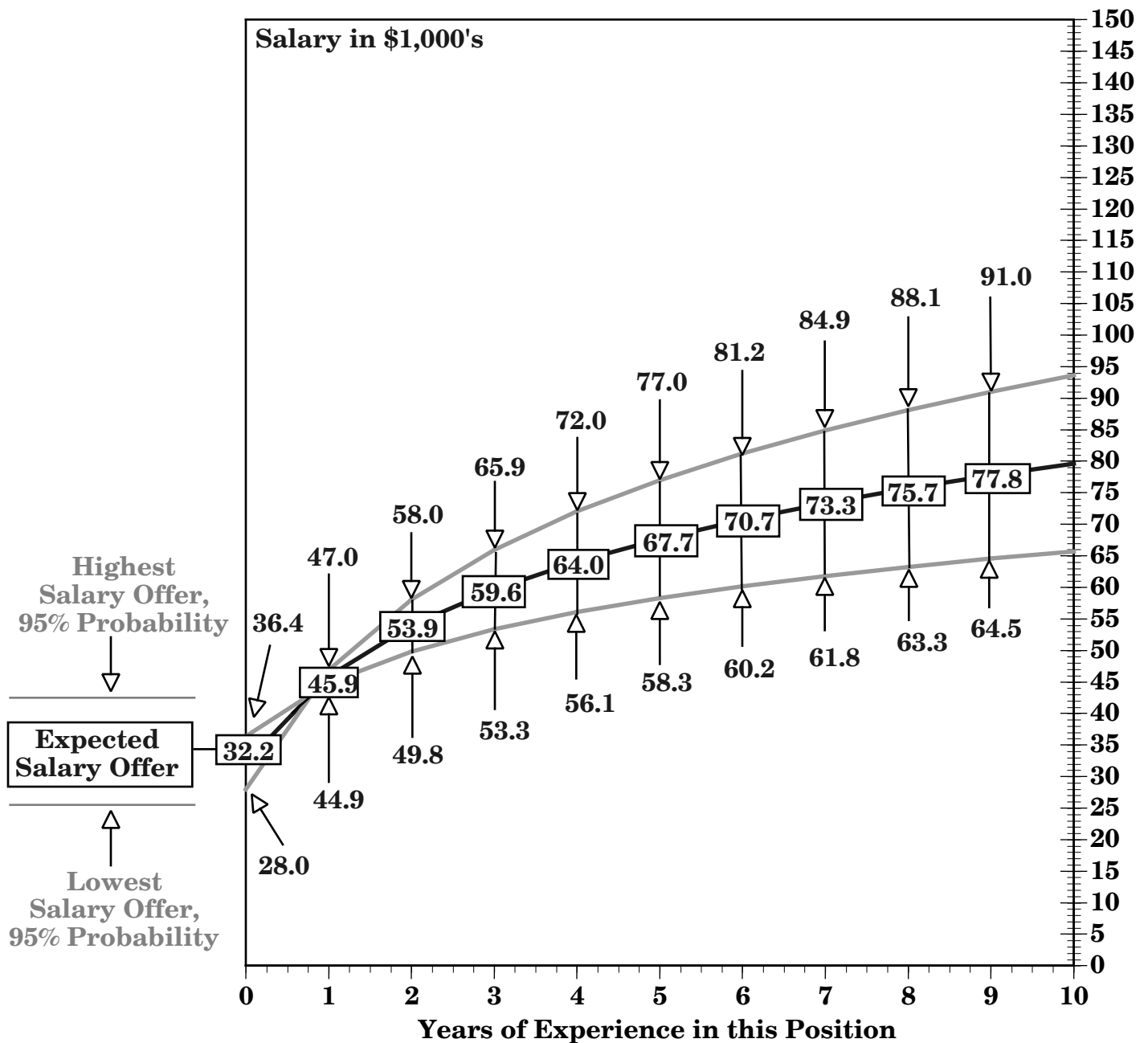
## The Expected Salary Offer for Each Year of Required Experience



Sample Source: The New York Times  
 Sunday Employment section 52 Weeks from  
 January 4 through December 27, 1998

# Visual FoxPro Database Professional

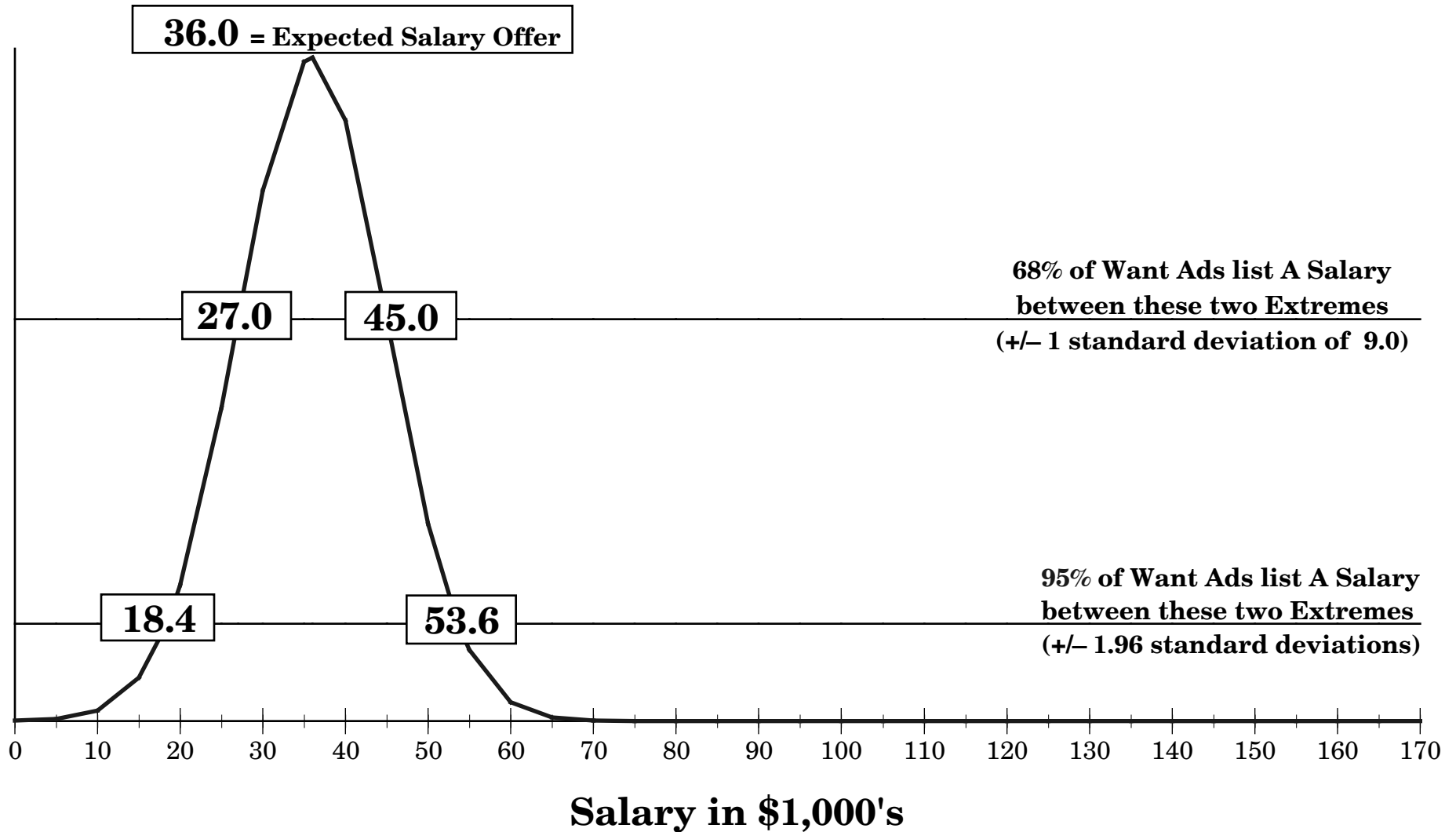
## The Expected Salary Offer for Each Year of Required Experience



Sample Source: The New York Times  
 Sunday Employment section 52 Weeks from  
 January 4 through December 27, 1998

# FoxPro Database Professional

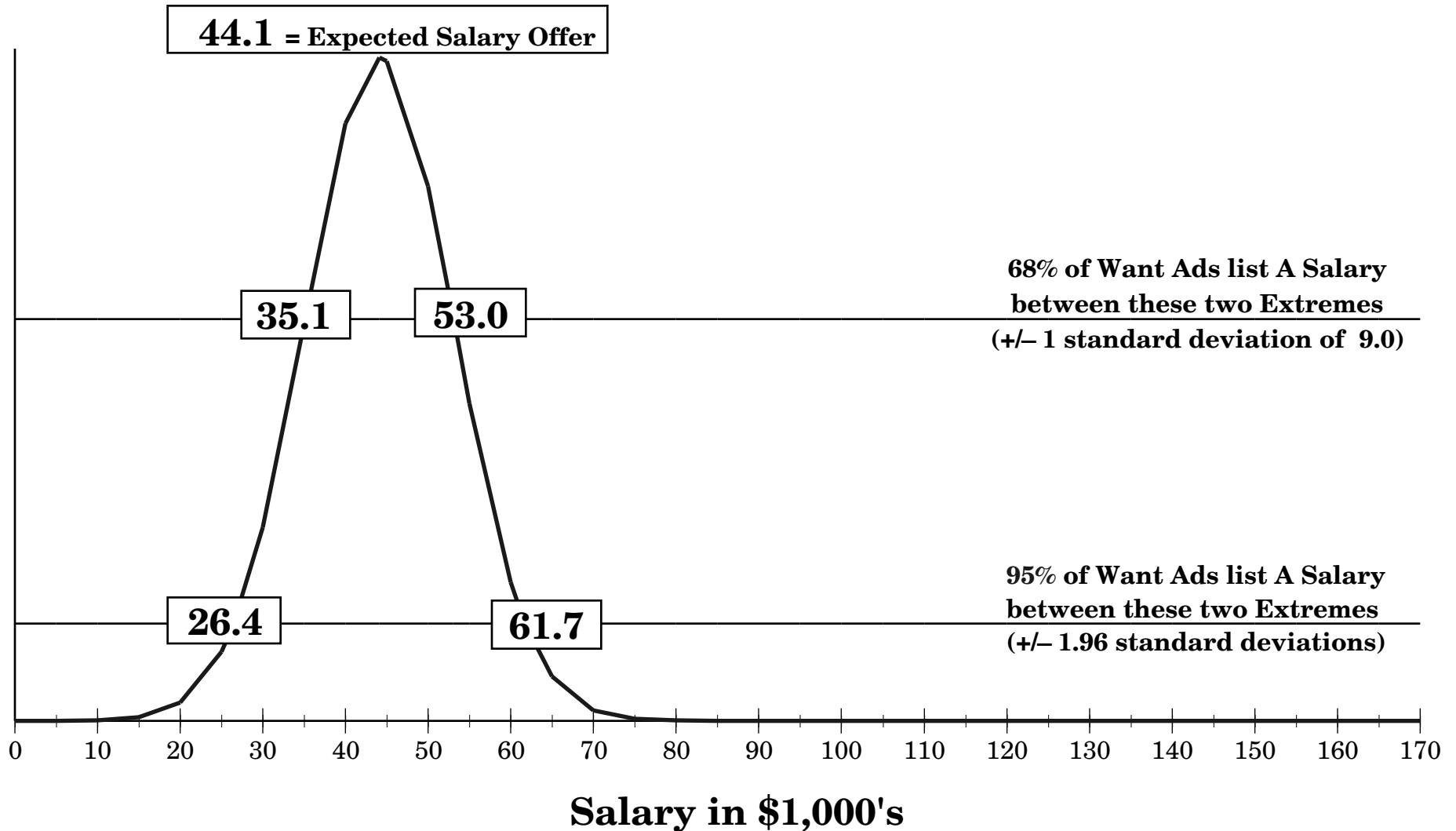
## Extreme Salary Offers: 1 Year of Required Experience



Sample Source: The New York Times  
Sunday Employment section 52 Weeks from  
January 4 through December 27, 1998

# FoxPro Database Professional

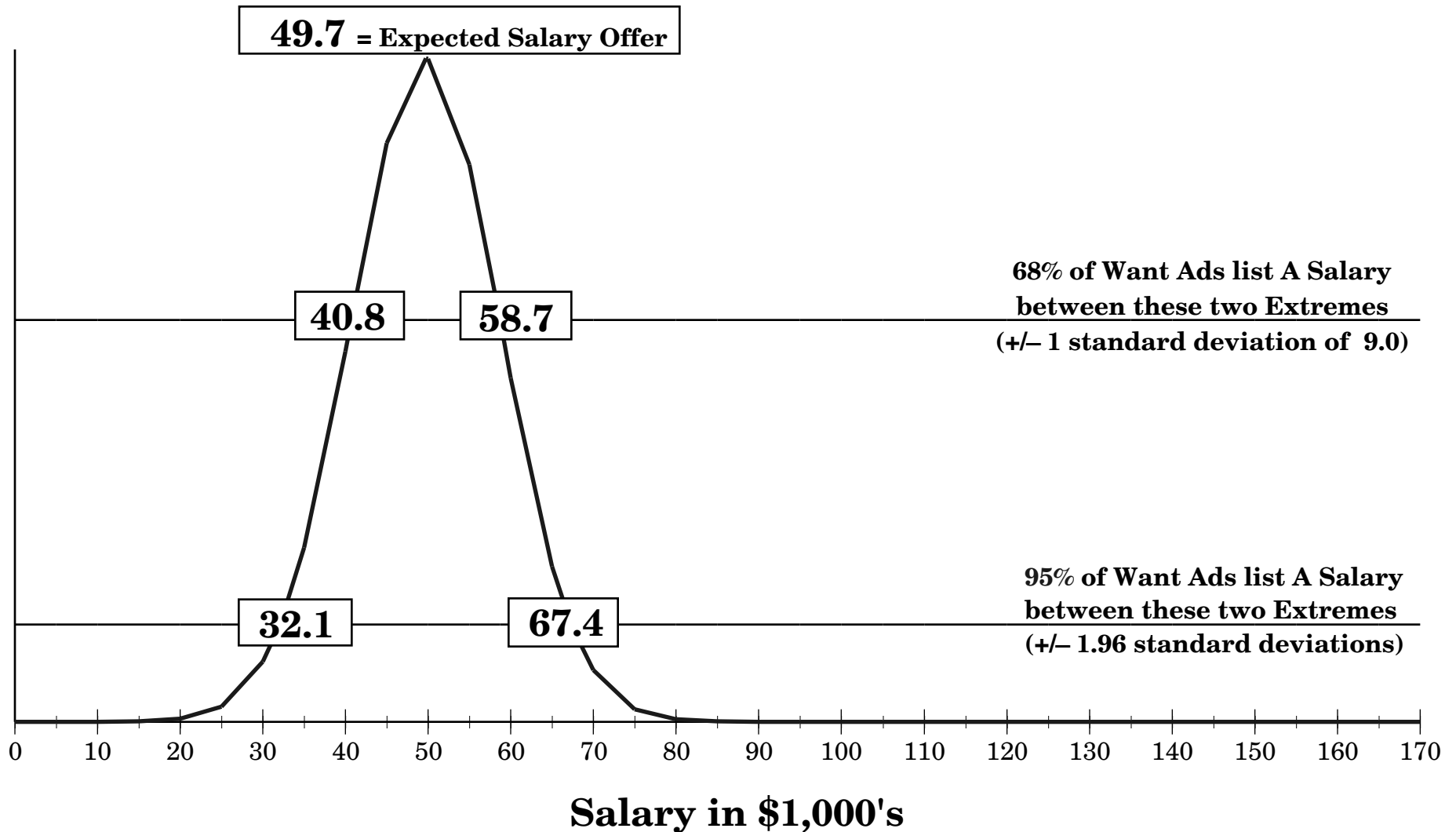
## Extreme Salary Offers: 2 Years of Required Experience



Sample Source: The New York Times  
Sunday Employment section 52 Weeks from  
January 4 through December 27, 1998

# FoxPro Database Professional

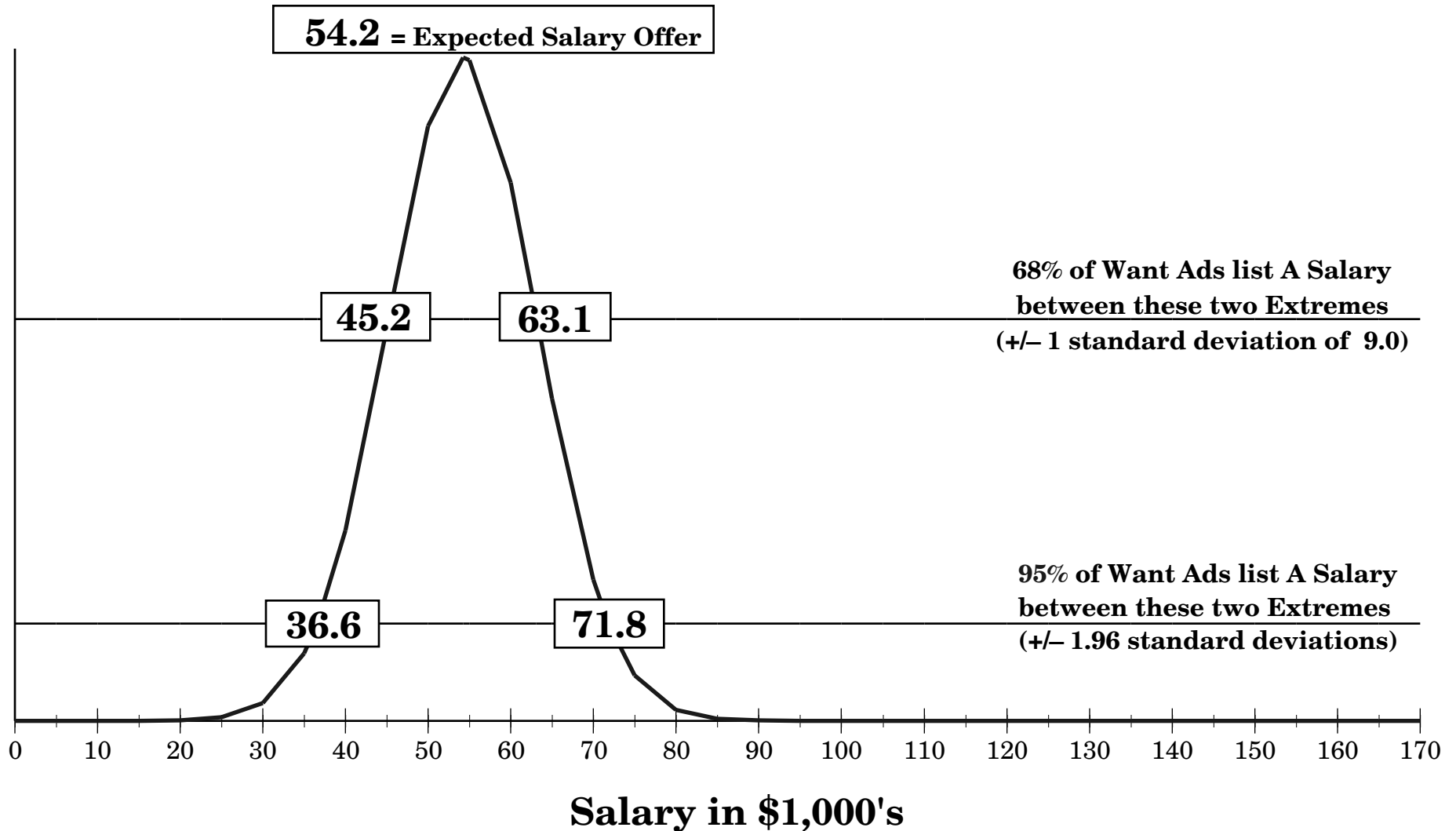
## Extreme Salary Offers: 3 Years of Required Experience



Sample Source: The New York Times  
Sunday Employment section 52 Weeks from  
January 4 through December 27, 1998

# FoxPro Database Professional

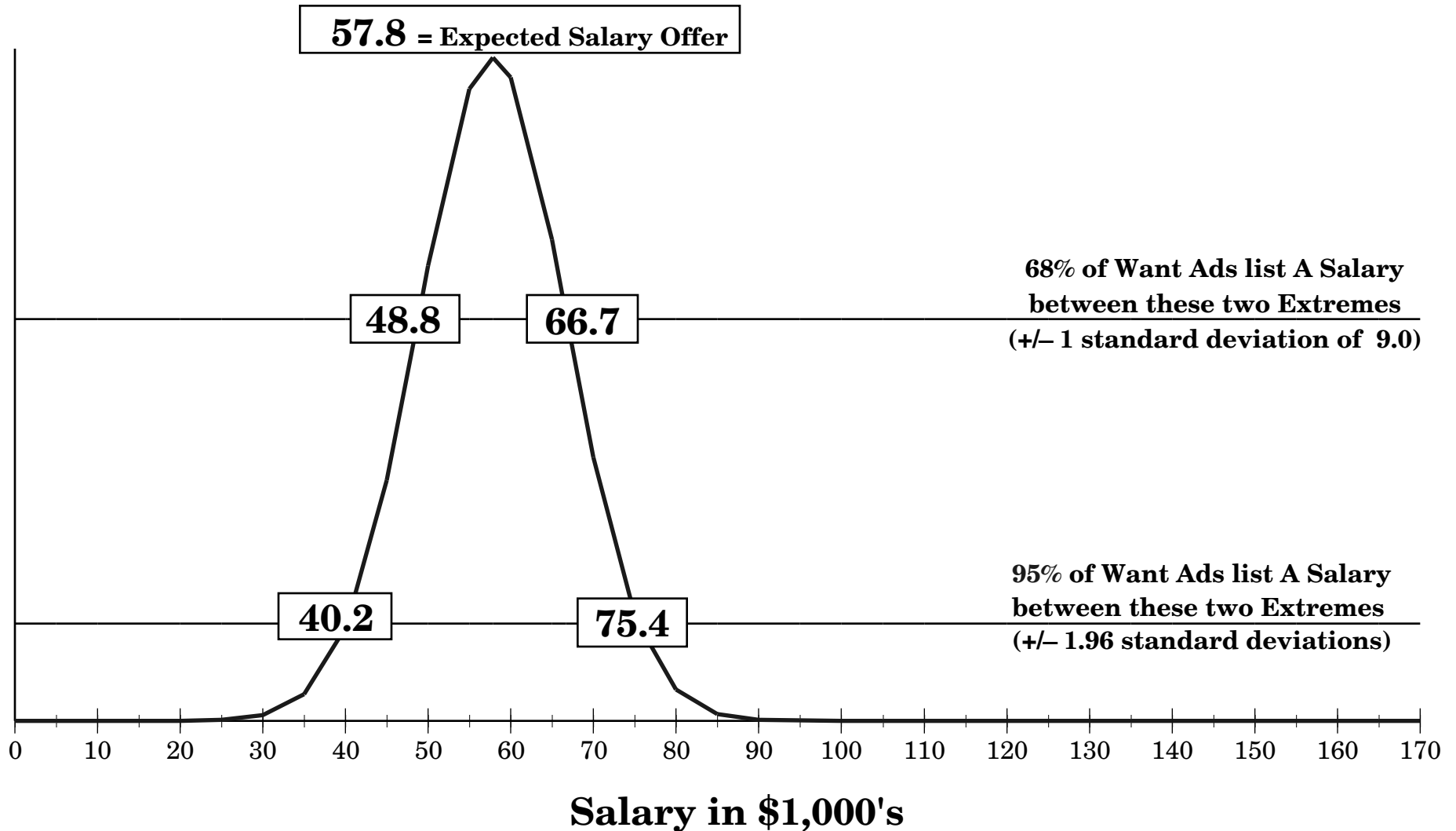
## Extreme Salary Offers: 4 Years of Required Experience



Sample Source: The New York Times  
Sunday Employment section 52 Weeks from  
January 4 through December 27, 1998

# FoxPro Database Professional

## Extreme Salary Offers: 5 Years of Required Experience



Sample Source: The New York Times  
Sunday Employment section 52 Weeks from  
January 4 through December 27, 1998

# FoxPro Database Professional

## Statistical Test Results

### Regression Summary Salary vs. 2 Independents

Count	43
Num. Missing	0
R	.750
R Squared	.563
Adjusted R Squared	.541
RMS Residual	8.983

The R Squared statistic indicates:

1. 56.3 % of the variability between salaries offered in want ads is explained by the expected salary offer line.
2. 43.7% of the variability between salaries offered in want ads is explained in the areas above and below the average salary offer line. This variability is depicted in the 95% probability ranges in the Expected Salary Offer and the Extreme Salary Offer Graphs.

The R Squared statistic calculates the percentage of the variation in salary offers around the mean salary offer that is explained by the expected salary offer line. An R Squared statistic of '1' would indicate that the expected salary offer line would be the only salary offered in the marketplace. A reasonable degree of variability should be expected due to the many factors influencing individual want ads.

### ANOVA Table

Salary vs. 2 Independents

	DF	Sum of Squares	Mean Square	F-Value	P-Value
Regression	2	4160.073	2080.036	25.776	<.0001
Residual	40	3227.892	80.697		
Total	42	7387.965			

### Regression Coefficients

Salary vs. 2 Independents

	Coefficient	Std. Error	Std. Coeff.	t-Value	P-Value
Intercept	22.311	4.919	22.311	4.535	<.0001
Visual Foxpro	9.887	2.838	.375	3.484	.0012
ln(Years+1)	19.788	3.745	.568	5.284	<.0001

The statistical tests indicate a high level of quality for the Expected Salary Offer line:

1. The probability, P-Value, that there is no Expected Salary Offer line, in the ANOVA Table, is less than .01% (one ten-thousandth of a percent).
2. The probability, P-Value, that a variable, in the Regression Coefficients table, has no influence on the expected salary offer is:
  - a. less than .01% (one ten-thousandth of a percent) for the Entry Level salary
  - b. .12% (twelve ten-thousandths of a percent) for Visual FoxPro
  - c. less than .01% (one ten-thousandth of a percent) for the Years of Experience.